

Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
1.1 NUMBER SENSE	1–3	Planning Framework p16	Number, place value and rounding count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 44–5, 1 'Missing numbers' Picture Maths 1, pp 4–5, 1 'Beach games'
			Measurement compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights [for example, long / short, longer / shorter, tall / short, double / half] mass or weight [for example, heavy / light, heavier than, lighter than] capacity / volume [for example, full / empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 60–1, 9 'If this equals 2' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 23–5, 6 'Recognising halves in measurement'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 6–9, Autumn Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.1		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp8–9	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain what happens when counting forwards and backwards in ones and can compare two measures and describe the relationship.	TASK: Tall Towers USE WITH: Groups of 3
1.2 ADDITIVE REASONING	4-6	Planning Framework p16	Number and place value given a number, identify one more and one less Addition and subtraction represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as such as 7 = □ −9 Measurement sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 70–1, 14 'Sorting numbers' Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 50–1, 4 'Domino dilemma' Picture Maths 1, pp 10–11, 4 'At the sweet shop' Picture Maths 1, pp 20–1, 9 'The zoo' Picture Maths 1, pp 42–3, 20 'Dream time'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 10–15, Autumn Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.2		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp10–11	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems using their knowledge of one more and one less and number bonds.	TASK: Frogs in the Pond USE WITH: Individuals



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
1.3 GEOMETRIC REASONING	7–8	Planning Framework p17	Geometry: properties of shapes recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: -2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] -3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] Geometry: position and direction describe position, direction and movement.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 48–9, 3 'Shape school' Picture Maths 1, pp 30–1, 14 'Space station' Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 64–5, 11 'Minibus mix-up'
MENTAL MATHS			describe position, direction and movement.	Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 16–19,
TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 1.3		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp12–13	Success criteria Pupils can recognize and identify shapes in their environment and justify their thinking.	Autumn Tests 6 and 7 TASK: Searching for Rectangles USE WITH: Groups of 3
1.4 NUMBER SENSE	9–10	Planning Framework p17	Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorialrepresentations including the number line, and use thelanguage of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 68–9, 13 'One more, one less bingo!'
			Measurement compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half] - mass or weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] - capacity/volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] - time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.	Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 26–8, 7 'Recognising less than or more than a half'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS			days of the week, weeks, months and years.	Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 20–23, Autumn Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.4		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp14–15	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain how they know one more or one less than any given number and read and compare numbers under 100.	TASK: School Trip USE WITH: Groups of 3
1.5 ADDITIVE REASONING	11–12	Planning Framework p18	Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number given a number, identify one more and one less Addition and subtraction represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □−9.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 78–9, 18 'Three card trick' Picture Maths 1, pp 16–17, 7 'Happy Birthday!'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 24–5, Autumn Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.5		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp16–17	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems using their number bonds for ten to derive bonds for 20 and their knowledge of one more and one less.	TASK: Afternoon Tea USE WITH: Individuals



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Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
1.6 NUMBER SENSE	13–15	Planning Framework p18	Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 46–7, 2 'Count the sweets' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 6–7, 'Multiplication table for 1'
			Measurement ■ recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 54–5, 6 'Mr Penny's fruit shop'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 26–9, Spring Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.6		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp18–19	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain what happens when counting in two and tens and connect this with adding and subtracting two and ten. They can explain how they know which numbers are multiples of ten and which are multiples of two.	TASK: School Fair USE WITH: Groups of 3
1.7 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	16–18	Planning Framework p19	Number and place value count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens Multiplication and division solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher Measurement recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 58–9, 8 'Hooray for array' Picture Maths 1, pp 22–3, 10 'Fishy fun' Picture Maths 1, pp 38–9, 18 'At the toy shop'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK		Assessment Tasks	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain how to solve problems	Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 30–5, Spring Tests 3, 4 and 5 TASK: Rows and Rows USE WITH: Groups of 3
1.7		Years 1 and 2 pp20–21	involving multiplying and dividing by two and ten, with support.	



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half

Soguence and	Weeks	Daga	Learning chiectives	Notes/Pesources/Teaching Activities
Sequence and Theme	weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
1.8 NUMBER SENSE	19-21	Planning Framework p19	Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Measurement	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 52–3, 5 'The story of 10'
			measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights mass/weight capacity and volume recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 56–7, 7 'Measurement muddle' Picture Maths 1, pp 34–5, 16 'Measuring in the kitchen' Picture Maths 1, pp 36–7, 17 'Wiggly worms'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 36–9, Spring Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Measuring in Tens
TASK 1.8		Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp22–23	Pupils can represent and explain how to use their counting to measure lengths, weights and capacities.	USE WITH: Individuals
ADDITIVE REASONING	22–23	Planning Framework p20	 Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number given a number, identify one more and one less Addition and subtraction read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 =	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 54–5, 6 'Mr Penny's fruit shop' Picture Maths 1, pp 18–19, 8 'Balloon race'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 40–3, Spring Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Baby Days
TASK 1.9		Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp24–25	Pupils can solve, represent and record addition and subtraction problems, appropriately choosing and using their number facts and counting (using numbers up to 20).	USE WITH: Individuals



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
1.10 GEOMETRIC REASONING	24–25	Planning Framework p20	Geometry: properties of shapes recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: - 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] - 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] Geometry: position and direction describe position, direction and movement.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 72–3, 15 'What comes next?'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Test 10, pp 44–5, Spring Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.10		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp26–27	Success criteria Pupils can recognise and identify shapes in their environment and justify their thinking and create simple repeating patterns.	TASK: Boxed In USE WITH: Individuals



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
1.11 NUMBER SENSE	26–28	Planning Framework p21	Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, fives and tens given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words Measurement measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights mass/weight capacity and volume time (hours, minutes, seconds) recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	Picture Maths 1, pp 6–7, 2 'On parade' Picture Maths 1, pp 12–13, 5 'Grand Prix' Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 74–5, 16 'What's the problem?' Picture Maths 1, pp 14–15, 6 'Walking the dog' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 8–9, 'Division facts for 1'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 46–9,
TESTS		-		Summer Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Easy Money
TASK 1.11		Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp28–29	Pupils can represent and explain what happens when counting in different steps and connect this with adding and subtracting and measuring. They can explain how they know which numbers are multiples of two, five and ten.	USE WITH: Individuals
ADDITIVE REASONING	29–31	Planning Framework p21	Number and place value count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number given a number, identify one more and one less Addition and subtraction read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 =	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 78–9, 18 'Three card trick'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 50–5, Summer Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.12		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp30–31	Success criteria Pupils can solve, represent and record addition and subtraction problems, appropriately choosing and using their number facts and counting (using numbers up to 20).	TASK: Set Sail USE WITH: Pairs



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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
1.13 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	32–34	Planning Framework p22	Number and place value count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, fives and tens Multiplication and division solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	Picture Maths 1, pp 8–9, 3 'Play time'
			Fractions ■ recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 62–3, 10 'Halves and quarters' Picture Maths 1, pp 24–5, 11 'Making wholes' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 8–10, 1 'Equal sharing all around us' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 11–13, 2 'Equal
			recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Measurement recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.	sharing between two' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 20–2, 5 'Finding half of a group of objects' Picture Maths 1, pp 26–7, 12 'Missing parts' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 32–4, 9 'Equal sharing between four' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 41–3, 12 'Finding quarter of a group of objects' Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 66–7, 12 'What did you do next?' Picture Maths 1, pp 40–1, 19 'Teacher's timetable' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 17–19, 4 'Finding half linked to time'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 1, pp 56–9, Summer Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 1.13		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp32–33	Pupils can represent and explain what happens when doubling and halving in the context of both discrete objects and continuous measures. They can show and tell the time, on an analogue clock, on the hour and half past.	TASK: Big Bear, Little Bear USE WITH: Individuals
1.14 GEOMETRIC REASONING MENTAL MATHS	35–36	Planning Framework p22	Fractions recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Geometry: properties of shapes recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] Geometry: position and direction describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns	Problem Solving and Reasoning 1, pp 76–7, 17 'Tell me about' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 14–16, 3 'Finding half of a shape' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 29–31, 8 'Problems about combining halves' Picture Maths 1, pp 28–9, 13 'Robot fractions' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 35–7, 10 'Finding quarter of a shape' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 38–40, 11 'Relating quarters to halves' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 44–6, 13 'Recognising quarters in measurement' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 47–9, 14 'Finding and combining quarters of objects' Picture Maths 1, pp 32–3, 15 'Around the city' Fluency With Fractions 1, pp 50–2, 15 'Problems about fractions'
TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 1.14		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp34–35	Success criteria Pupils can use their understanding of halves and quarters to talk about shapes and movement (turns) and solve related problems.	Summer Tests 8, 9 and 10 TASK: Square Dance USE WITH: Individuals



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Sequence and	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
2.1 NUMBER SENSE	1–3	Planning Framework p23	Pupils should be taught to: Number, place value and rounding count in steps of 2 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100 read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals use place value and number facts to solve problems Measurement compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity compare and sequence intervals of time Statistics ask and answer simple questions by counting the	Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 8–10, 1 'Counting and combining halves' Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp54–5, 6 'Put it in the right place!' Picture Maths 2, pp 28–9, 13 'Grow fast!'
MENTAL MATHS			number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity	Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 29–31, 8 'Combining halves and quarters in measurement' Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 6–9,
TESTS ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	Autumn Tests 1 and 2 TASK: The Three Little Pigs
TASK 2.1		Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp36–37	Pupils can represent and explain what happens when counting forwards and backwards in tens and can compare and order two-digit numbers in different contexts.	USE WITH: Groups of 3
ADDITIVE REASONING	4-6	Planning Framework p23	Number and place value count in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) use place value and number facts to solve problems Addition and subtraction solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones a two-digit number and tens adding three one-digit numbers Measurement solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp 46–7, 2 'Many, many methods' 2.2 Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp 52–3, 5 'Calculation families' Picture Maths 2, pp 8–9, 3 'The sweet factory' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 11–13, 2 'Finding out more about equal sharing between four' Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 10–15,
TESTS ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	Autumn Tests 3, 4 and 5 TASK: In The Bank
TASK 2.2		Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp38–39	Pupils can represent and solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting.	USE WITH: Groups of 3

Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	Weeks	i age	Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Nesources/Teaching Activities
2.3 GEOMETRIC REASONING	7–8	Planning Framework p24	Geometry: properties of shapes identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp 44–5, 1 'Matchstick challenge!' Picture Maths 2, pp20–1, 9 'Posting shapes'
			Geometry: position and direction order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp74–5, 16 'My robot friend'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 16–19, Autumn Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.3		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp40–41	Success criteria Pupils can recognise and identify shapes in their environment and explain the properties of the shapes including lines of symmetry.	TASK: Curious Quadrilaterals USE WITH: Groups of 3
2.4 NUMBER SENSE	9–10	Planning Framework p24	Number and place value count in steps of 2 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals use place value and number facts to solve problems Measurement compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using >, < and = compare and sequence intervals of time Statistics ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity	Picture Maths 2, pp 4–5, 1 'Butterflies' Picture Maths 2, pp 6–7, 2 'Rock pool creatures' Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp76–7, 17 'The fruit bowl challenge'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 20–3, Autumn Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.4		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp42–43	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain how they know ten more and ten less than any given number and read, compare and record comparison of numbers up to 100.	TASK: Rotten Potions USE WITH: Groups of 3

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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		. 3.	Pupils should be taught to:	3
2.5 ADDITIVE REASONING	11–12	Planning Framework p25	Number and place value	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp60–1, 9 'A difference of 5'
			- a two-digit number and tens - adding three one-digit numbers • show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot • recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp70–1, 14 'Total patterns' Picture Maths 2, pp 10–11, 4 'Playing ball'
			Measurement recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change Statistics ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp56–7, 7 'Moneybox puzzle' Picture Maths 2, pp38–9, 18 'Robot sale'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 24–5, Autumn Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.5		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp44–45	Success criteria Pupils can represent, explain and record the relationship between addition and subtraction. They can represent and solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting.	TASK: Toy Sale USE WITH: Groups of 3



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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	WCCRS	1 age	Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Nessearces/Teaching Activities
2.6 NUMBER SENSE	13–15	Planning Framework p25	Number and place value count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward Multiplication and division recognise odd and even numbers Statistics interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the	Picture Maths 2, pp 40–1, 19 'The fruit shop'
MENTAL MATUO			categories by quantity.	Manufal Marka Tanka O and CO O
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 26–9, Spring Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.6		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp46–47	Success criteria Pupils can use their understanding of counting in twos, fives and tens to interpret data. They can represent and explain the difference between odd and even numbers and use this understanding to identify large multiples of two.	TASK: Plant Pairs and Pictograms USE WITH: Groups of 3
2.7 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	16–18	Planning Framework p26	Number and place value	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp 48–9, 'The story of 20' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 10–11, 'Multiplication table for 2' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 12–13, 'Division facts for 2' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 14–15, 'Multiplication table for 5' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 16–17, 'Division facts for 5' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 18–19, 'Multiplication table for 10' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 20–11, 'Division facts for 10' Picture Maths 2, pp 12–13, 5 'Pete's penguins' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 22–3, 'Mixed multiplication practice (1 and 2)' Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp 66–7, 12 'The lunchbox trolley'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp58–9, 8 'Wheely puzzle' Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 30–5, Spring Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.7		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp48–49	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain how to use their multiplication facts to solve division problems. They can represent and solve multiplication and division problems in different contexts.	TASK: All The Fives USE WITH: Individuals



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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
2.8 NUMBER SENSE	19-21	Planning Framework p26	Number and place value count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals use place value and number facts to solve problems Measurement choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length / height in any direction (m / cm); mass (kg / g): temperature (°C): capacity (litres / ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using >, < and =	Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 24–5, 'Mixed multiplication practice (5 and 10)' Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp50–1, 4 'Double your robot' Picture Maths 2, pp 30–1, 14 'Pencil lengths'
MENTAL MATHS			compare and sequence intervals of time.	Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 36–9,
TESTS				Spring Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.8		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp50–51	Success criteria Pupils can measure in different contexts, choosing the appropriate unit and equipment and reading the scales to the nearest number.	TASK: Plant Growth USE WITH: Groups of 3

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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
2.9 ADDITIVE REASONING	22–23	Planning Framework p27	Number and place value count in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) use place value and number facts to solve problems Addition and subtraction solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:	Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 26–7, 'Mixed division practice (1 and 2)'
			a two-digit number and ones a two-digit number and tens two two-digit numbers adding three one-digit numbers show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems	
			■ Reasurement ■ recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value ● find different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money ● solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change Statistics ● ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp62–3, 10 'Coin totals'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 40–3, Spring Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.9		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp52–53	Success criteria Pupils can represent and solve addition and subtraction problems involving two two-digit numbers in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting.	TASK: Three Billy Goats Gruff USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
2.10 GEOMETRIC REASONING	24–26	Planning Framework p27	Geometry: properties of shape identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects Geometry: position and direction order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp64–5, 11 'Polyhedron Primary' Picture Maths 2, pp 22–3, 10 'Polygon painting'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 44–5, Spring Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.10		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp54–55	Success criteria Pupils can identify different possible 3-D shapes from seeing one of the faces and describe the properties of the face (2-D shape) and the 3-D shapes.	TASK: What's My Shape? USE WITH: Individuals or groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
2.11 NUMBER SENSE	27–29	Planning Framework p28	Number and place value count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words use place value and number facts to solve problems	
			Measurement choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length / height in any direction (m / cm); mass (kg / g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres / ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using >, < and = compare and sequence intervals of time	Picture Maths 2, pp 32–3, 15 'New mugs!'
			Statistics interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.	Picture Maths 2, pp 42–3, 20 'Our pets'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 46–9, Summer Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.11		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp56–57	Success criteria Pupils can measure in different contexts, choosing the appropriate unit and equipment and reading the scales to the nearest number.	TASK: Rainy Days USE WITH: Individuals



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	, and the second
2.12 ADDITIVE REASONING	30–32	Planning Framework p28	Number and place value count in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) use place value and number facts to solve problems Addition and subtraction solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods and written methods recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones atwo-digit numbers show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems Statistics ask and answer questions about totalling and compare categorical data	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp78–9, 18 'Number square investigation' Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp68–9, 13 'Lunchtime fun'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 50–5, Summer Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Play Trays
TASK 2.12		Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp58–59	Pupils can represent and solve addition and subtraction problems involving two, two-digit numbers in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding place value and counting.	USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	-
Theme 2.13 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	33–35	Planning Framework p29	Number and place value	Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 26–7, 'Mixed division practice (1 and 2)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 28–9, 'Mixed multiplication practice (5 and 10)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 30–1, 'Mixed multiplication practice (1, 2, 5 and 10)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 32–3, 'Mixed division practice (1, 2, 5 and 10)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 34–5, 'Problem solving (1 and 2 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 36–7, 'Problem solving (1 and 2 division facts)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 38–9, 'Problem solving (5 and 10 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 40–1, 'Problem solving (5 and 10 division facts)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 42–3, 'Problem solving (1, 2, 5 and 10 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 1, pp 44–5, 'Problem solving (1, 2, 5 and 10 division facts)' Picture Maths 2, pp 14–15, 6 'Money box safe'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 2.13		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2	Fractions ■ recognise, find, name and write fractions ½, ½, ½ and ¾ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity ■ write simple fractions for example ½ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of ¾ and ½. Measurement ■ tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past / to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times ■ know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain how to find halves, thirds and quarter in the context of both discrete objects and	Problem Solving and Reasoning 2, pp 72–3, 15 'The fraction family' Picture Maths 2, pp 16–17, 7 'Chocolate pieces' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 14–16, 3 'Finding different quarters of a shape' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 23–5 'Finding different quarters of a group of objects' Picture Maths 2, pp 34–5, 16 'Cute chicks' Picture Maths 2, pp 36–7, 17 'Holiday time' Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 56–9, Summer Tests 6 and 7 TASK: Teddy's Party USE WITH: Groups of 3
2.13		pp60–61	and quarter in the context of both discrete objects and continuous measures. They can show and tell the time, on an analogue clock, including quarter past and quarter to the hour.	



Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme 2.14 GEOMETRIC REASONING MENTAL MATHS TESTS	36–37	Planning Framework p29	 Pupils should be taught to: Geometry: properties of shape identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects Geometry: position and direction order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise) Fractions recognise, find, name and write fractions ⅓, ⅓, ⅔ and ⅓ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity write simple fractions for example, ⅓ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of ⅔ and ⅙. 	Picture Maths 2, pp24–5, 11 'Amazing maze!' Picture Maths 2, pp26–7, 12 'Treasure island' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 17–19, 4 'Fractions of a turn and equivalence' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 20–2, 5 'Linking quarters to time' Picture Maths 2, pp 18–19, 8 'Pizza problem' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 26–8, 7 'Using fractions to compare measurements' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 32–34, 9 'Counting in fraction steps of ½ and ¼ beyond 1' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 35–7, 10 'Equal sharing between 3' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 38–40, 11 'Finding a third of a shape' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 41–3, 12 'Finding a third of a quantity (length)' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 44–6, 13 'Problems about finding thirds (measurement)' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 47–9, 14 'Finding fractions of quantities (measurement)' Fluency With Fractions 2, pp 50–2, 15 'Recognising fractions of different amounts' Mental Maths Tests 2, pp 60–65, Summer Tests 8, 9 and 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 2.14		Assessment Tasks Years 1 and 2 pp62–63	Success criteria Pupils can use their understanding of fractions to talk about shapes and movement (turns) and solve related problems.	TASK: Which Way Shall We Turn? USE WITH: Individuals



Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		3.1	Pupils should be taught to:	3
3.1 NUMBER SENSE	1–3	Planning Framework p30	Number and place value count from 0 in multiples of 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) compare and order numbers up to 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 8–9, 2 'Comparing and ordering' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 10–11, 3 'Sequences' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 6–7, 1 'Numbers up to 1000' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 52–3, 5 'Number guess who' Picture Maths 3, pp 4–5, 1 'The pirate's treasure'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 6–9, Autumn Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.1		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp8–9	Success criteria Pupils can explain and show how and when their counting is useful for adding and subtracting. They can make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of place value for solving problems, including adding and subtracting.	TASK: Who Wins? USE WITH: Groups of 3
3.2 ADDITIVE REASONING	4–6	Planning Framework p30	Addition and subtraction add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds add and subtract numbers with up to three digits estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 12–13, 4 'Mental addition' Picture Maths 3, pp 8–9, 3 'The special mission' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 14–15, 5 'Mental subtraction' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 44–5, 1 'A brick in the wall' Picture Maths 3, pp 14–15, 6 'Open the safe!'
			Measurement measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (l / ml) add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts Statistics interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.	Picture Maths 3, pp 30–1, 14 'Worms, worms, worms' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 34–5, 'Using £ and p' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 36–7, 'Calculating change' Picture Maths 3, pp 12–13, 5 'Party time!' Picture Maths 3, pp 40–1, 19 'School dinners' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 60–1, 28 'Solving data problems'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 10–15, Autumn Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.2		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp10–11	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting. They explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	TASK: Charity Works USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		5-	Pupils should be taught to:	
3.3 MULTIPLICATIVE	7–9	Planning Framework p31	Number and place value count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100	Picture Maths 3, pp 6–7, 2 'Miranda mermaid'
REASONING			 Multiplication and division recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects. 	Picture Maths 3, pp 16–17, 7 'Which dog food?' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 6–7, 'Multiplication table for 3' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 8–9, 'Division facts for 3' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 10–11, 'Multiplication table for 4' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 12–13, 'Division facts for 4' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 18–19, 'Multiplication table for 8' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 20–21, 'Division facts for 8' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 20–21, 'Division facts for 8' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 22–3, 9 'Multiplication and division facts' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 20–1, 'Halves and quarters of numbers' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 18–19, 'Division by sharing' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 48–9, 3 'Threes and fives' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 44–5, 19 'Fractions
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				as operators and division (1)' Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 16–19, Autumn Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: CHOOSING FABRIC
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can explain and represent multiplication as both	USE WITH: Groups of 3
3.3		Years 3 and 4 pp12–13	repeated addition and scaling and division as both sharing and grouping. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems.	·
3.4 GEOMETRIC REASONING MENTAL MATHS TESTS	10–11	Planning Framework p31	Geometry: properties of shapes draw 2-D shapes, and make 3-D shapes using modeling materials: 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them Geometry: position and direction recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle	Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 70–1, 14 'Mystery shapes' Picture Maths 3, pp 28–9, 13 'Birthday presents' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 8–9, 'Halves and quarters of shapes' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 50–1, 23 'Right angles' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 52–3, 24 'Angles and turning' Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 20–3, Autumn Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.4		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp14–15	Success criteria Pupils can explain and show angle as a measure of turn and can draw, make and identify shapes with right-angles.	TASK: Competition Shapes USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	AACCVO	raye	Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Nesources/ reaching Activities
	12 12	Planning		
3.5 NUMBER SENSE	12–13	Planning Framework p32	Number and place value count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) compare and order numbers up to 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 50–1, 4 'Alien farm' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 26–7, 'Fractions on a number line'
			Measurement tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (I / mI)	Picture Maths 3, pp 36–7, 17 'Feeding time at the zoo' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 42–3, 19 'Clocks' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 36–7, 16 'Units of measure'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS			Fractions ■ count up and down in tenths, recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10.	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 16–17, 5 'Counting in tenths, including beyond 1' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 12–13, 3 'Dividing by 10 to find tenths of an object or quantity' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 14–15, 4 'Finding tenths by dividing one-digit numbers by 10' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 46–7, 19 'Fractions as operators and division (2)' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 34–5, 15 'Tenths' Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 24–5, Autumn Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.5		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp16–17	Success criteria Pupils can explain and show how and when their counting is useful for adding and subtracting and make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of place value for solving problems including adding and subtracting.	TASK: Juice, Juice! USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
3.6 ADDITIVE REASONING	14–16	Planning Framework p32	Pupils should be taught to: Addition and subtraction add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds add and subtract numbers with up to three digits estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	Picture Maths 3, pp 22–3, 10 'Sweeties!' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 54–5, 6 'Missing problems'
			Measurement measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (l / ml) add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts Statistics	Picture Maths 3, pp 32–3, 15 'Fruit salad' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 66–7, 12 'Moneyboxes' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 38–9, 'Word problems'
			 interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. 	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 56–7, 26 'Pictograms'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 26–9,
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.6		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp18–19	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts (including extracting the necessary information from graphs, charts and tables), appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	Spring Tests 1 and 2 TASK: Sustainable Schools USE WITH: Groups of 3
3.7 NUMBER SENSE MENTAL MATHS TESTS	17–19	Planning Framework p33	Number and place value identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations Fractions count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example. ⁵ / ₇ + ¹ / ₇ = ⁶ / ₇] compare and order unit fractions and fractions with the same denominator solve problems that involve all of the above.	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 18–19, 6 'Using knowledge of tenths' Picture Maths 3, pp 26–7, 12 'Yum yum chocolate cake' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 46–7, 2 'Number aliens' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 20–1, 7 'Compare and order fractions (with the same denominator)' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 30–1, 12 'Adding fractions (tenths) Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 34–5, 14 'Subtracting fractions (1)' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 62–3, 10 'Build a wall' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 14–15, 'Adding fractions with the same denominator' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 16–17, 'Subtracting fractions with the same denominator' Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 30–5, Spring Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.7		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp20–21	Success criteria Pupils can represent fractions as numbers and explain and show how they know that for unit fractions, as the denominator increases, the size of the number decreases.	TASK: Pieces of Chocolate USE WITH: Individuals



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
3.8 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	20-22	Planning Framework p33	Number and place value count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 Multiplication and division recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	Picture Maths 3, pp 18–19, 8 'Fred's football kit'
			write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects Fractions	Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 58–9, 8 'Fabulous 28' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 62–3, 29 'More problem solving' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 8–9, 1 'Fractions as numbers (1)' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 24–5, 9 'Finding fractions of a set of objects'
MENTAL MATUR			count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators solve problems that involve all of the above.	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 26–7, 10 'Find and recognise fractions of a set' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 28–9, 11 'Solving problems about fractions of amounts' Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 40–1, 17 'Equivalent fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 22–3, 'Fractions of a number' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 40–1, 'Decimals in length' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 28–9, 12 'Finding fractions'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 36–9, Spring Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.8		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp22–23	Success criteria Pupils can explain and represent multiplication as both repeated addition and scaling; and division as both sharing (including finding fractions), and grouping. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems.	TASK: Chocolate Choices USE WITH: Individuals
3.9 GEOMETRIC REASONING	23–24	Planning Framework p34	Geometry: properties of shapes draw 2-D shapes, and make 3-D shapes using modeling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 72–3, 15 'Dotty squares' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 74–5, 16 'Cubed aliens' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 10–11, 'Unit fractions of shapes' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 12–13, 'Recognising fractions of shapes' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 48–9, 22 'Lines'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 40–3, Spring Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.9		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp24–25	Success criteria Pupils can recognise and identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines and justify their thinking. They can identify acute, obtuse and right angles in the context of a 2-D shape and justify their thinking.	TASK: Flying Trapeze USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		9-	Pupils should be taught to:	
3.10 NUMBER SENSE	25–26	Planning Framework p34	Number and place value count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) compare and order numbers up to 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 24–5, 10 'Multiplication and division'
			read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 26–7, 11 'More number problems' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 56–7, 7 'Digit dilemma'
			Measurement tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute: record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m. / p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 44–5, 20 'Intervals of time'
			know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year compare durations of events, [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 40–1, 18 'Calendars' Picture Maths 3, pp 38–9, 18 'On the buses'
			Statistics interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 42–3, 18 'More equivalent fractions'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 44–5, Spring Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.10		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp26–27	Success criteria Pupils can explain and show how and when their counting is useful for adding and subtracting. They can explain and show how to tell the time and use knowledge of different units of time to solve problems.	TASK: Radio Times USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
3.11 ADDITIVE REASONING	27–29	Planning Framework p35	Addition and subtraction add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens athree-digit number and hundreds add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 16–17, 6 'Written addition' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 18–19, 7 'Written subtraction' Picture Maths 3, pp 10–11, 4 'The toy shop' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 20–1, 8 'Number problems'
			Measurement measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (l / ml) add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m. / p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year compare durations of events, [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 42–3, 'Word problems involving measure' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 32–3, 'Reading money totals' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 46–7, 21 'Money' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 68–9, 13 'School trip'
			Statistics interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 58–9, 27 'Bar charts' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 78–9, 18 'Chocolate swap!' Picture Maths 3, pp 42–3, 20 'Vegetables'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 46–9,
TESTS				Summer Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 3.11		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp28–29	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting, and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solution.	TASK: Wilde World USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	Weeks	raye	Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3.12	30–31	Planning	Number and place value	
		Framework	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different	
NUMBER		p35	representations	
SENSE				
			Fractions	
			 count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise 	Picture Maths 3, pp 24–5, 11 'Lovely lights'
			from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and dividing	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			one-digit numbers or quantities by 10	Percentages 3, pp 24–5, 'Recognising fractions of
			 recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions 	numbers'
			and non-unit fractions with small denominators	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 10–11, 2 'Fractions
			 recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent 	as numbers (2)'
			fractions with small denominators	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 32–3, 13 'Solving
			 add and subtract fractions with the same denominator 	problems about adding fractions'
			within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$]	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 22-3, 8 'Compare
			compare and order unit fractions and fractions with the	and order unit fractions'
			same denominator.	Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 36–7, 15 'Finding the
			 solve problems that involve all of the above. 	difference'
				Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 38–9, 16 'Subtracting
				fractions (2)'
				Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 64–5, 11
				'Fraction pictures'
				Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 48–9, 21 'Solving
				problems about fractions (1)'
				Fluency With Fractions 3, pp 50–1, 22 'Solving
				problems about fractions (2)'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 50–5,
TESTS				Summer Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Fraction Frenzy
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can represent fractions as numbers	USE WITH: Individuals
3.12		Years 3 and 4	and explain and show how they know one fraction is bigger	
		pp30-31	than or equivalent to another.	
		LL	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
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Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half

2–34 Planning Framework p36	Pupils should be taught to: Number and place value count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 Multiplication and division recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	Picture Maths 3, pp 20–1, 9 'A fishy problem' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 22–3, 'Mixed multiplication practice (3 and 4)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 26–7, 'Mixed division practice (3 and 4)' Problem Solving and Reasoning 3, pp 60–1, 9
Framework	 count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 Multiplication and division recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to 	Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 22–3, 'Mixed multiplication practice (3 and 4)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 26–7, 'Mixed division practice (3 and 4)'
	 solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division; solve positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems 	'Remainder, remainder' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 34–5, 'Problem solving (3 and 4 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 36–7, 'Problem
	in which n objects are connected to m objects. Fractions count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators solve problems that involve all of the above. Measurement know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.	solving (3 and 4 division facts)' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 28–9, 'Estimating fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 3, pp 30–1, 'Equivalent fractions' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 30–1, 13 'Comparing and ordering fractions' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 32–3, 14 'Calculations with fractions'
		Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 56–9, Summer Tests 6 and 7
Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp32–33	Success criteria Pupils can explain and represent multiplication as both repeated addition and scaling, and division as both sharing, (including finding fractions), and grouping. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems including two-digit by one-digit multiplications.	TASK: Money, Money, Money USE WITH: Individuals
Flanning Framework p36	Geometry: properties of shape recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes.	Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 54–5, 25 '2-D and 3-D shapes' Picture Maths 3, pp 34–5, 16 'The farmer's fence' Learn, Practise and Revise 3, pp 38–9, 17 'Perimeters'
		Mental Maths Tests 3, pp 60–65, Summer Tests 8, 9 and 10 TASK: Stretch and Shape
;-3	Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp32–33 6 Planning Framework	Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp32–33 Pupils can explain and represent multiplication as both repeated addition and scaling, and division as both sharing, (including finding fractions), and grouping. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems including two-digit by one-digit multiplications. Geometry: properties of shape Framework p36 Geometry: properties of shape recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines



Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme 4.1 NUMBER SENSE	1–3	Planning Framework p37	Pupils should be taught to: Number and place value count in multiples of 1000 find 1000 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) order and compare numbers beyond 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers.	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 8–9, 2 'Comparing and ordering' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 16–17, 'Ordering fractions' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 44–5, 1 'Make 100!' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 46–7, 2 'A bit of magic!' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 48–9, 3 'What's my number?' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 6–7, 1 'Numbers beyond 1000'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 4.1		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp36–37	Success criteria Pupils can make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting, place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting.	Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 6–9, Autumn Tests 1 and 2 TASK: Football Crowd USE WITH: Groups of 3
4.2 ADDITIVE REASONING	4–6	Planning Framework p37	Addition and subtraction add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 20–1, 8 'Addition and subtraction' Picture Maths 4, pp 8–9, 3 'Ice dancing scores' Picture Maths 4, pp 10–11, 4 'The long walk' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 22–3, 9 'Checking'
			Measurement	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 40–1, 'Problems involving money' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 48–9, 22 'Estimation' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 62–3, 29 'Problem solving' Picture Maths 4, pp 42–3, 20 'Holiday hotspot'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 4.2		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp38–39	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 10–15, Autumn Tests 3, 4 and 5 TASK: School Visit USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
4.3 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING MENTAL MATHS TESTS	7–9	Planning Framework p38	Number and place value count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 Multiplication and divisions recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.	Picture Maths 4, pp 4–5, 1 'Samir's snakes' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 10–11, 3 'Sequences' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 14–15, 'Multiplication table for 6' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 16–17, 'Division facts for 6' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 6–7, 'Multiplication table for 7' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 8–9, 'Division facts for 7' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 10–11, 'Multiplication table for 9' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 12–13, 'Division facts for 9' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 24–5, 'Mixed multiplication practice (6 and 8)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 28–9, 'Mixed division practice (6 and 8)' Picture Maths 4, pp 12–13, 5 'Rainforest explorer' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 24–5, 10 'Mental calculations' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 54–5, 6 'Would you rather?' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 26–7, 11 'Factor pairs' Picture Maths 4, pp 14–15, 6 'Super soup' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 30–1, 13 'Solving problems' Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 16–19, Autumn Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 4.3		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp40–41	Success criteria Pupils can explain the relationship between multiplication and division and the distributive and associative laws. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems.	TASK: How Far Is It? USE WITH: Groups of 3
4.4 GEOMETRIC REASONING MENTAL MATHS TESTS	10–11	Planning Framework p38	Geometry: properties of shape compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations.	Picture Maths 4, pp 26–7, 12 'Hunt the shapes' Picture Maths 4, pp 28–9, 13 'All wrapped up' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 56–7, 7 'Tricky tangrams' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 54–5, 25 'Angles' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 56–7, 26 'Lines of symmetry' Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 20–3, Autumn Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 4.4		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp42–43	Success criteria Pupils can explain the properties of different triangles and quadrilaterals including angles and lines of symmetry.	TASK: Quadrilateral Quandary USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half (contd.)

4.5	12–13	Planning	Number and place value	
4.5 NUMBER SENSE	12–13	Planning Framework p39	Number and place value count in multiples of 1000 find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) order and compare numbers beyond 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that, over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 12–13, 4 'Rounding' Picture Maths 4, pp 6–7, 2 'Brr it's cold!' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 14–15, 5 'Negative numbers' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 36–7, 'Ordering decimals' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 16–17, 6 'Number representations' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 74–5, 16 'Double double' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 18–19, 7 'Roman numerals'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 24–5, Autumn Test 10
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Roman Holiday
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can make appropriate decisions about when to use	USE WITH: Groups of 3
4.5		Years 3 and 4 pp44–45	their understanding of counting (including counting below zero), place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting. Pupils can explain the representation of two-digit positive numbers as Roman numerals.	



Medium-term plan: spring term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	TIOCHO	, age	Pupils should be taught to:	The state of the s
4.6 ADDITIVE REASONING	14–16	Planning Framework p39	Addition and subtraction add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 8–9, 1 'Fractions and the number line' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 60–1, 9 'Finding the difference'
			Measurement estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence Statistics interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 64–5, 11 'Disco drinks'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 26–9, Spring Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 4.6		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp46–47	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	TASK: How Far Will You Go? USE WITH: Groups of 3
4.7 NUMBER SENSE	17–19	Planning Framework p40	 Fractions (including decimals) count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions add and subtract fractions with the same denominator recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths recognise and write decimal equivalents to ¼, ½, ¾ find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places 	Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 10–11, 2 'Understanding and counting in hundredths' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 12–13, 3 'Understanding hundredths related to tenths' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 18–19, 6 'Decimal representations of tenths and hundredths' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 8–9, 'Recognising fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 10–11, 'Creating fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 20–1, 7 'Equivalent fractions of unit fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 12–13, 'Equivalent fractions' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 14–15, 4 'Dividing one-digit numbers by 10 and 100' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 16–17, 5 'Dividing two-digit numbers by 10 and 100' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 24–5, 9 'Other decimal equivalents' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 28–9, 11 'Rounding decimals'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Measurement	Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 30–31, 12 'Comparing numbers with decimal places' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 30–1, 'Decimals in length' Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 30–5, Spring Tests 3, 4 and 5 TASK: O.J.
TASK 4.7		Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp48–49	Pupils can represent and explain the multiplicative nature of the number system including how it extends into decimal numbers, as whole numbers are divided by 10 or 100 and connect this understanding to units of measure. Pupils can represent and explain the relationship between decimals and fractions. They use this understanding to solve problems.	USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half

Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
20–22	Planning Framework p40	Number and place value count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 Multiplication and division recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 30–1, 'Mixed multiplication practice (3, 4, 6 and 8)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 32–3, 'Mixed division practice (3, 4, 6 and 8)' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 18–19, 'Fractions with a total of 1' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 22–3, 'Mixed multiplication practice (7 and 9)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 26–7, 'Mixed division practice (7 and 9)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 38–9, 'Problem solving (6 and 8 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 40–1, 'Problem solving (6 and 8 division facts)' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 58–9, 8 'A dicey game' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 28–9, 12 'Written
		Fractions (including decimals) solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number Measurement solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 76–7, 17 'Fraction strips' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 22–3, 8 'Equivalent non-unit fractions' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 26–7, 10 'Problems about fractions and decimals (1)' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 14–15, 'Fractions of numbers' Picture Maths 4, pp 32–3, 15 'The grand prix' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 50–1, 4 'How much time?' Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 36–9,
	Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp50–51	Success criteria Pupils can explain the relationship between multiplication, division and fractions. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems.	Spring Tests 6 and 7 TASK: Packed Lunch USE WITH: Individuals
23–24	Planning Framework p41	Geometry: properties of shapes compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes Geometry: position and direction describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left / right and up / down plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 52–3, 24 'Geometric shapes' Picture Maths 4, pp 30–1, 'Desert island treasure' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 60–1, 28 'Coordinates'
	Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4	Success criteria Pupils can explain how to locate points on a grid in the first quadrant and use this knowledge and understanding to	Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 40–3, Spring Tests 8 and 9 TASK: Square Moves USE WITH: Groups of 3
	20–22	20–22 Planning Framework p40 Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp50–51 23–24 Planning Framework p41 Assessment Tasks	Planning Framework p40 Multiplication and division recall multiplication and division recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects Fractions (including decimals) solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number Measurement solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days. Assessment Assessment Planning Framework p41 Geometry: properties of shapes compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadriaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes Geometry: position and direction describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left / right and up / down plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. Assessment Tasks Pupils can explain how to locate points on a grid in the first

Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		_	Pupils should be taught to:	
4.10 NUMBER SENSE	25–26	Planning Framework p41	Number and place value	Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 62–3, 10 'Highest and lowest' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 32–3, 14 'Decimals'
			Measurement convert between different units of measure [for example, hour to minute] read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days Statistics solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 42–3, 'Problems involving measures' Picture Maths 4, pp 38–9, 18 'Vikings vs Wildcats' Picture Maths 4, pp 40–1, 19 'The robbery' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 32–3, 'Converting metres to centimetres and vice versa' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 44–5, 20 'Units of measure' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 50–1, 23 'Time'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 44–5, Spring Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 4.10		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp54–55	Success criteria Pupils can make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting (including counting below zero), place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting. They can explain how to tell the time in both 12- and 24-hour clocks and can solve problems using their understanding of how to convert between different units of time.	TASK: Eurostar USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half

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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
ADDITIVE	27–29	Planning Framework p42	Addition and subtraction add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and	Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 66–7, 12 'Mystery numbers'
REASONING			subtraction where appropriate estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 40–1, 18 'Sums with fractions'
			Statistics interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs	Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 78–9, 18 'Birthdays'
			Fractions (including decimals) solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 32–3, 13 'Solving problems about measure with decimals to two decimal places' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 34–5, 14 'Solving problems about fractions and decimals' Picture Maths 4, pp 18–19, 8 'Picnic problem'
			Measurement estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 26–7, 'Decimals in money'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 46–9, Summer Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 4.11		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp56–57	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting and mental and written methods. They explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	TASK: Population Growth USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half (contd.)

4.42	20.21	Dlanning	Frantiana (including desimals)	
4.12	30–31	Planning	Fractions (including decimals)	Loom procing and revise 4 pp 24 E 45 T
NUMBER		Framework	count up and down in hundredths; recognise that	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 34–5, 15 'Tenths
SENSE		p42	hundredths arise when dividing an object by one	and hundredths'
SENSE			hundred and dividing tenths by ten	Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 42–3,
			recognise and show, using diagrams, families of	18 'Adding fractions with the same denominator'
			common equivalent fractions	Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 44–5,
			add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	19 'Subtracting fractions with the same
			 recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths 	denominator' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 46–7,
			 recognise and write decimal equivalents to ½, ½, ¾. 	20 'Solving problems about adding and subtracting
			 find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number 	fractions'
			by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			answer as ones, tenths and hundredths	Percentages 4, pp 20–1, 'Adding fractions with a
			round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest	common denominator
			whole number	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			compare numbers with the same number of decimal	Percentages 4, pp 22–3, 'Subtracting fractions with
			places up to two decimal places	a common denominator
			p and appear	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
				Percentages 4, pp 24–5, 'Decimal notation'
				Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 48–9,
				21 'Solving problems about fractions'
				Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 50–1,
				22 'Problems about fractions and decimals (2)'
				Picture Maths 4, pp 16–17, 7 'Painting puzzle'
				Picture Maths 4, pp 20–1, 9 'The professor's
				potions'
				Picture Maths 4, pp 22–3, 10 'Mrs Bake's disaster'
			Measurement	
			 convert between different units of measure [for example, 	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			kilometre to metre).	Percentages 4, pp 28–9, 'Converting pounds to
				pence and vice versa'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 50–5,
TESTS				Summer Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Pat a Cake
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can represent and explain how the multiplicative	USE WITH: Groups of 3
4.12		Years 3 and 4	nature of the number system extends into decimal numbers,	
		pp58–59	as whole numbers are divided by 10 or 100, and connect	
			this understanding to units of measure. Pupils can represent	
			and explain the relationship between decimals and fractions.	
			They use this understanding to solve problems.	



Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 4.13	32–34	Planning Framework p43 Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp60–61	Number and place value count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 Multiplication and division recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects. Fractions (including decimals) solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number Measurement solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days Success criteria Pupils can solve problems involving multiplication, division and fractions in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and counting and mental and written methods, explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 36–7, 16 'Decimal equivalents' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 14–15, 'Multiplication table for 11' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 16–17, 'Division facts for 11' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 18–19, 'Multiplication table for 12' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 20–1, 'Division facts for 12' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 68–9, 13 'Crack the code!' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 42–3, 19 'Problems with fractions and decimals' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 42–3, 'Problem solving (3, 4, 6 and 8 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 2, pp 44–5, 'Problem solving (3, 4, 6 and 8 division facts)' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 72–3, 15 'Terrific thirty-six' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 34–5, 'Equivalence between decimals and fractions' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 36–7, 15 'Finding unit fractions of quantities' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 38–9, 16 'Solving problems about unit fractions of quantities' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals 4, pp 40–1, 17 'Non-unit fractions of quantities' Fluency With Fractions and Decimals and Percentages 4, pp 38–9, 'Real life problems' Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 56–9, Summer Tests 6 and 7 TASK: Generous Gran USE WITH: Individuals
4.14 GEOMETRIC REASONING MENTAL MATHS TESTS	35–36	Planning Framework p43	Geometry: properties of shapes compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry Measurement measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 70–1, 14 'Symmetry squared' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 38–9, 17 'Equivalent fractions' Picture Maths 4, pp 24–5, 11 'Which wallpaper?' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 58–9, 27 'Symmetrical figures' Picture Maths 4, pp 34–5, 16 'Farmer Brown's fence' Picture Maths 4, pp 36–7, 17 'On a dig' Problem Solving and Reasoning 4, pp 52–3, 5 'Moving and shaping' Learn, practice and revise 4, pp 46–7, 21 'Perimeters and areas' Mental Maths Tests 4, pp 60–65, Summer Tests 8, 9 and 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 4.14		Assessment Tasks Years 3 and 4 pp62–63	Success criteria Pupils can explain how to find the perimeter and area of a shape and how to complete a symmetrical shape with a given line of symmetry, using this knowledge and understanding to solve problems.	TASK: Garden Geometry USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	AACCUS	rayes	Pupils should be taught to:	Hotes/Nesources/ reaching Activities
5.1 NUMBER SENSE	1–3	Planning Framework p44	Number and place value read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 10–11, 2 'Counting in fraction steps' Picture Maths 5, pp 4–5, 1 'Lunar holidays' Picture Maths 5, pp 8–9, 3 'Jet pack jump' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 26–7, 'Decimal notation'
			Multiplication and division	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 36–9, 10 'Multiplying and dividing by 10, 100, 1000' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 30–2, 8 'Fractions and decimals' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 8–9, 'Fraction notation' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 20–21, 7 'Recognising and using thousandths' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 38–9, 16 'Rounding decimals' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 40–1, 17 'Comparing and ordering numbers with up to three decimal places'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS			Measurement	Picture Maths 5, pp 26–7, 12 'Knit-a-thon' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 68–9, 13 'How many chairs?' Picture Maths 5, pp 34–5, 16 'Waiting room' Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 6–9, Autumn Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.1		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp8–9	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain the multiplicative nature of the number system, understanding how to multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000. Pupils make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting, place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting.	TASK: Javelin Success USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.2 ADDITIVE REASONING	4–6	Planning Framework p45	Addition and subtraction add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 18–19, 'Add and subtract fractions with the same denominators' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 6–9, 1 'Addition and subtraction with whole numbers and decimals'
			solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Measurement use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 48–9, 3 'Chicken nuggets' Picture Maths 5, pp 12–13, 5 'Train talk'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS			Statistics solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables.	Picture Maths 5, pp 38–9, 18 'The mysterious mirror' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 76–9, 22 'Graphs and tables' Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 10–15, Autumn Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.2		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp10–11	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	TASK: Around The World USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.3 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	7–9	Planning Framework p46	Multiplication and division identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign	Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 24–5, 'Mixed multiplication practice (11 and 12)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 28–9, 'Mixed division practice (11 and 12)' Picture Maths 5, pp 14–15, 6 'Multiple maze' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 24–5, 'Solving ratio and proportion problems' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 44–7, 12 'Factors and multiples' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 46–7, 2 'The maths factor' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 34–5, 'Problem solving (7 and 9 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 36–7, 'Problem solving (7 and 9 division facts)'
			Measurement use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling.	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 40–3, 11 'Multiplication and division'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 16–19, Autumn Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.3		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp12–13	Success criteria Pupils can solve problems involving multiplication and division in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their decisions.	TASK: Multiple Problems USE WITH: Groups of 3
5.4 GEOMETRIC REASONING	10–11	Planning Framework p46	Geometry: properties of shapes identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 66–7, 12 'Angles add up' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 76–7, 17 'Diagonally speaking' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 52–5, 15 'Estimating and drawing angles' Picture Maths 5, pp 36–7, 17 'The locked box'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 20–3, Autumn Tests 8 and 9 TASK: Triangle Trio
TASK 5.4		Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp14–15	Pupils can explain angle as a measure of turn, draw and measure angles and use their understanding of angle to describe the properties of different shapes.	USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
5.5 NUMBER SENSE	12–13	Planning Framework p47	Pupils should be taught to: Number and place value read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 18–21, 5 'Place value, rounding and ordering numbers'
			interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals	Picture Maths 5, pp 6–7, 2 'Penguin point' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 10–13, 2 'Negative numbers' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 44–5, 1 'Stringy numbers' Picture Maths 5, pp 10–11, 4 'Roman adventure' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 14–15, 3 'Roman numerals'
			Multiplication and division multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) • read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100] • recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents • round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place • read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places • solve problems involving number up to three decimal places	Picture Maths 5, pp 22–3, 10 'Lifting logs' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 20–1, 'Add and subtract related fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 28–9, 'Rounding fractions to 2 decimal places' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 30–1, 'Read and write decimal numbers as fractions' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 50–1, 4 'Tricky triangles'
			Measurement convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimeter and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre) solve problems involving converting between units of time.	Picture Maths 5, pp 28–9, 13 'The ultimate prize' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 70–3, 20 'Time and length, weight and capacity with metric units'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 24–5, Autumn Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.5		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp16–17	Success criteria Pupils can make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting (including counting below zero), place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting. Pupils can explain the representation of three-digit positive numbers as Roman numerals.	TASK: Mercury Rising USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.6 ADDITIVE REASONING	14–16	Planning Framework p47	Addition and subtraction add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 60–1, 9 'Dinosaurs'
			solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 62–3, 10 'lce-cream!'
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) • solve problems involving number up to three decimal places	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 42–3, 18 'Solving problems about numbers with up to three decimal places' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 34–5, 'Add and subtract numbers with up to 3 decimal places'
			Measurement use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling measure and calculate the perimeter	
			Statistics solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.	Picture Maths 5, pp 40–1, 19 'The tournament'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 26–9, Spring Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.6		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp18–19	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	TASK: Weighing In USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 1st half (cont.)

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Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.7	17–18	Planning	Multiplication and division	
		Framework	 multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving 	
NUMBER		p48	decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	
SENSE				
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	
			compare and order fractions whose denominators are all	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			multiples of the same number	Percentages 5, pp 10–11, 'Recognise mixed
			 recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and 	numbers and improper fractions'
			convert from one form to the other and write	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
			mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for	5, pp 12–13, 3 'Comparing and ordering fractions'
			<u>example</u> , $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
			read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for	5, pp 14–15, 4 'Solving problems using equivalent
			example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$	fractions'
			recognise and use thousandths and relate them to	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
			tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents	5, pp 22–23, 8 'Mixed numbers and improper
			recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that	fractions'
			per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
			write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100,	5, pp 16–17, 5 'Decimal numbers as fractions'
			and as a decimal	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
			 identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given 	5, pp 18–19, 6 'Understanding and writing
			fraction, represented visually including tenths and	percentages in different ways'
			hundredths.	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
				5, pp 8–9, 1 'Equivalent fractions'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 30–5,
TESTS				Spring Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Hundredths and Thousandths
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can represent and explain the relationship between	USE WITH: Groups of 3
5.7		Years 5 and 6	decimals, fractions and percentages. They use this	i '
		pp20-21	understanding to solve problems.	
		1		<u> </u>



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks Pag	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		Pupils should be taught to:	
-	Assess Tas Years 5 pp22	Pupils should be taught to: Multiplication and division identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 multiply numbers up to 19 multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 recognise and use square (²) and cubed (²) solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign Fractions (including decimals and percentages) solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½, ¼, ½, ½, ½, % and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 Measurement use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling.	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 16–17, 'Fractions and division' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 30–1, 'Mixed multiplication practice (7, 9, 11 and 12)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 32–3, 'Mixed division practice (7, 9, 11 and 12)' Picture Maths 5, pp 16–17, 7 'Playing the game' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 50–1, 14 'Prime numbers' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 38–9, 'Problem solving (11 and 12 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 40–1, 'Problem solving (11 and 12 division facts)' Picture Maths 5, pp 18–19, 8 'Eat me, drink me' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 36–7, 'Decimal word problems' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 48–9, 13 'Squares and cubes' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 70–1, 14 'Equivalence' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 33–5, 9 'Understanding percentages' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 46–7, 20 'Solving problems about percentage, fraction and decimal equivalents' Picture Maths 5, pp 24–5, 11 '100 aliens!' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 38–9, 'Percentages' Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 36–9, Spring Tests 6 and 7 TASK: Penguin Power USE WITH: Groups of 3

Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme				
5.9 GEOMETRIC REASONING	22–23	Planning Framework p49	Pupils should be taught to: Geometry: properties of shapes identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) ldentify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 56–9, 16 'Properties of shape' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 60–3, 17 'Drawing shapes'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Geometry: position and direction identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. Success criteria	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 64–7, 18 'Reflecting shapes' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 52–3, 5 'It's all reflecting' Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 40–3, Spring Tests 8 and 9 TASK: Transforming Triangles
TASK 5.9		Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp24–25	Pupils can explain how to reflect and translate shapes on a grid in the first quadrant and use this knowledge and understanding to solve problems.	USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.10 NUMBER SENSE	24–25	Planning Framework p50	Number and place value read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 56–7, 7 'Twenty-three' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 58–9, 8 'Tablet problems' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 64–5, 11 'Place value guess who'
			 Multiplication and division multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 Fractions (including decimals and percentages) compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, ²/₅ + ⁴/₅ = ⁹/₅ = 1/₅] read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = ⁷¹/₁₀₀] recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places solve problems involving number up to three decimal places Measurement convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimeter and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre) solve problems involving converting between units of time. 	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 44–5, 19 'Linear sequences involving fractions and decimals' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 14–15, 'Ordering fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 48–9, 21 'Solving problems using percentages, decimals and fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 12–13, 'Recognise equivalent fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 32–3, 'Ordering numbers to 3 decimal places'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS		4		Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 44–5, Spring Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.10		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp26–27	Success criteria Pupils can use their understanding of the multiplicative nature of the number system to convert between different units of measures, using how to multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000. Pupils make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting (including in fractions), place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting.	TASK: Florida Fruit USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	•
5.11 ADDITIVE REASONING	26–28	Planning Framework p51	Addition and subtraction add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 30–1, 12 'Adding and subtracting decimals'
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) • recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, ½, + ½, = ½, = 1½] • add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number solve problems involving number up to three decimal places	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 72–3, 15 'Fraction pairs' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 24–5, 9 'Adding fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 26–7, 10 'Subtracting fractions'
			Measurement use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling solve problems involving converting between units of time Statistics solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.	Picture Maths 5, pp 42–3, 20 'The laboratory' Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 78–9, 18 'Body proportions'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 46–9, Summer Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.11		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp28–29	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems including with fractions) in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions.	TASK: London Trip USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.12 NUMBER	29–30	Planning Framework p51	Multiplication and division multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 28–9, 11 'Counting in decimal steps'
SENSE		рот	,	o, pp 20 o, 11 counting in decimal steps
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, ² / ₅ + ⁴ / ₅ = ⁶ / ₅ = 1 ¹ / ₅] read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = ⁷¹ / ₁₀₀] recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.	Picture Maths 5, pp 20–1, 9 'Big hotdogs' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 40–1, 'Finding percentages' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 22–5, 6 'Fractions' Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 26–9, 7 'Calculating with fractions'
			Measurement ■ convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre].	
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 50–5, Summer Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.12		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp30–31	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain the relationship between decimals, fractions and percentages and how decimals and fractions fit into the number system. They use this understanding to solve problems.	TASK: Soup Water USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.13 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	31–33	Planning Framework p52	 Multiplication and division identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs, and common factors of two numbers know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method including long multiplication for two-digit numbers multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³) solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. Fractions (including decimals and percentages) identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½, ¼, ½, ½, % and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 Measurement use all four operations to solve problems involving measure for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation i	Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 42–3, 'Problem solving (7, 9, 11 and 12 times tables)' Skills Builders: Times Tables 3, pp 44–5, 'Problem solving (7, 9, 11 and 12 division facts)' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 42–3, 'Mixed bag' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 32–3, 13 'Multiplying proper fractions and mixed fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 34–5, 14 'Problems about multiplying fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 34–5, 14 'Problems about multiplying fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 36–7, 15 'Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 36–7, 15 'Fractions of amounts and remainders' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 5, pp 50–1, 22 'Solving problems about fractions, decimals and percentages'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS			time.	Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 56–9, Summer Tests 6 and 7
ASSESSMENT TASK 5.13		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp 32–33	Success criteria Pupils can solve problems involving multiplication and division in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions. They can explain and represent the connection between fractions and division.	TASK: Wimbledon Champions USE WITH: Groups of 3

Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
5.14	34–36	Planning	Geometry: properties of shapes	
		Framework	 use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts 	
GEOMETRIC		p53	and find missing lengths and angles	
REASONING			 distinguish between regular and irregular polygons 	
			based on reasoning about equal sides and angles	
			Geometry: position and direction	
			 identify, describe and represent the position of a shape 	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 68–9, 19
			following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate	'Translating shapes'
			language, and know that the shape has not changed	
			Measurement	
			measure and calculate the perimeter of composite	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 74–5, 16
			rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres	'The flood'
			 calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including 	Problem Solving and Reasoning 5, pp 54–5, 6
			squares), and including using standard units, square	'Meerkat madness'
			centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate	Picture Maths 5, pp 30-1, 14 'Playground winners
			the area of irregular shapes	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 74–5, 21 'Area
			 estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks 	and perimeter'
			to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for	Picture Maths 5, pp 32–3, 15 'Sandcastle style'
			example, using water].	Learn, Practise and Revise 5, pp 16–17, 4
				'Volume'
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 5, pp 60–65,
TESTS				Summer Tests 8, 9 and 10
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Fenced In
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can explain how to find the perimeter and area of	USE WITH: Groups of 3
5.14		Years 5 and 6	different shapes, using this knowledge and understanding to	
		pp34-35	solve problems.	



Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half

Sequence and Theme	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
6.1 NUMBER SENSE	1–3	Planning Framework p54	Number and place value read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above	Picture Maths 6, pp 4–5, 1 'Museum muddle'
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10. 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Measurement use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 34–5, 14 'Using and understanding decimal place value' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 8–9, 'Changing improper fractions to mixed numbers' Picture Maths 6, pp 26–7, 12 'The Trans-Europe rally' Picture Maths 6, pp 28–9, 13 'The biscuit factory'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS ASSESSMENT TASK 6.1		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6	convert between miles and kilometres. Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain the multiplicative nature of the number system, understanding how to multiply and	Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 6–9, Autumn Tests 1 and 2 TASK: Parcels for Posting USE WITH: Groups of 3
0.1		pp36–37	divide by 10, 100 and 1000. Pupils make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting, place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting.	



Medium-term plan: autumn term 1st half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Pages	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
6.2 ADDITIVE REASONING	4–6	Planning Framework p55	Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why solve problems involving addition, subtraction use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 10–11, 'Relationships between fractions' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 72–3, 15 'Monsters'
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 40–1, 17 'Solving problems that require rounding of decimals'
			Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables	Picture Maths 6, pp 12–13, 5 'Cupcakes' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 36–9, 9 'Algebra' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 44–5, 1 'Missing numbers' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 50–1, 4 'Baffling banquets'
			Measurement	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 22–3, 'Decimal notation' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 24–5, 'Decimal and fraction equivalence'
			Statistics • interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.	Picture Maths 6, pp 38–9, 18 'The laboratory'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 10–15, Autumn Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 6.2		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp38–39	Success criteria Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions and levels of accuracy.	TASK: The Greenhouse Effect USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives Pupils should be taught to:	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	7_0	Planning		
6.3 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	7–9	Planning Framework p56	Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 22–23, 5 'Multiplication' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 24–7, 6 'Division' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 26–7, 'Converting fractions to decimals using division' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 28–9, 'Multiplying numbers with up to 2 decimal places' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 30–1, 'Dividing numbers with up to 2 decimal places'
			 solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy 	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 28–31, 7 'Harder calculations'
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages) multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places Ratio and proportion solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison Algebra use simple formulae	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 36–7, 15 'Multiplying decimal numbers by whole numbers' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 30–1, 12 'Finding and recognising fractions of amounts' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 32–3, 13 'Solving problems using percentages' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 14–17, 3 'Percentages, and finding fractions and percentages'
			 generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables. 	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 60–1, 9 'Pascal's triangle'
			Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places	
			Statistics interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems calculate and interpret the mean as an average.	Picture Maths 6, pp 42–3, 20 'Healthy pies' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 78–9, 20 'Averages – mean'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 16–19, Autumn Tests 6 and 7



ASSESSMENT	Assessment	C	TASK: Swimming Success
TASK	Tasks	Success criteria	USE WITH: Groups of 3
6.3	Years 5 and 6	Pupils can solve problems involving multiplication and	
	pp40–41	division and fractions and percentages in different contexts,	
		appropriately choosing and using number facts,	
		understanding of place value and mental and written	
		methods. They can explain their decision making and justify	
		their solutions.	



Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	TTCCRS	i age	Pupils should be taught to:	Total Control of Total High Polivinos
6.4	10–11	Planning	Geometry: properties of shapes	
0.4	10-11	Framework	 draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles 	Picture Maths 6, pp 16–17, 7 'T-shirt logic'
GEOMETRIC		p57	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes,	Picture Maths 6, pp 18–19, 8 'Gift wrap'
REASONING		por	including making nets	Picture Maths 6, pp 20–1, 9 'The isoscelian jewels'
KLASONING			compare and classify geometric shapes based on their	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 44–7, 11 '2–D
			properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any	shapes'
			triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons	Shapes
			illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius,	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 48–51, 12
			diameter and circumference and know that the diameter	'Circles'
			is twice the radius	Circles
			recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a	
			straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing	
			angles	
			<u>ungres</u>	
			Algebra	
			use simple formulae	
			express missing number problems algebraically	
			find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two	
			unknowns	
			enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables	
			,	Picture Maths 6, pp 32–3, 15 'Chessboard
			Measurement	challenge'
			recognise that shapes with the same areas can have	Picture Maths 6, pp 34–5, 16 'Patrick's puzzle'
			different perimeters and vice versa	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 64–5, 11
			calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles	'Chickens'
			recognise when it is possible to use the formulae for	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 78–9, 18
			area and volume of shapes.	'Chunky chocolate cubes'
				,
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 20–3,
TESTS				Autumn Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Imagine a Shape
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can use their understanding of angle and properties	USE WITH: Groups of 3
6.4		Years 5 and 6	of shapes to solve problems.	
		pp42–43		

Medium-term plan: autumn term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
•	Weeks	raye	- ,	Notes/Nesources/ reaching Activities
Theme	10.10		Pupils should be taught to:	
6.5	12–13	Planning	Number and place value	
		Framework	 read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 46–7, 2
NUMBER		p57	000 and determine the value of each digit	'Magic squares'
SENSE			 round any whole number to a required degree of 	
			accuracy	
			 use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals 	Picture Maths 6, pp 6–7, 2 'Holiday snaps'
			across zero	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 32–5, 8 'Negative
			 solve number problems and practical problems that 	numbers'
			involve all of the above	
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	
			identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 62–3, 10
			decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,	'Missing problems'
			100 and 1000 given answers up to three decimal places	
			Measurement	
			 use, read, write and convert between standard units, 	Picture Maths 6, pp 30–1, 14 'The final?'
			converting measurements of length, mass and time from	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 64–7, 16
			a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa,	'Measurement
			using decimal notation to three decimal places.	
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 24–5,
TESTS				Autumn Test 10
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Pumpkin Patch
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can make appropriate decisions about when to use	USE WITH: Groups of 3
6.5		Years 5 and 6	their understanding of counting (including counting below	332 313aps 31 3
0.0		pp44–45	zero), place value and rounding for solving problems	
		OF FFQQ	including adding and subtracting.	
			inologing adding and subtracting.	
		l		



Medium-term plan: spring term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		J.	Pupils should be taught to:	3
6.6	14–16	Planning	Number and place value	
		Framework	use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals	
ADDITIVE		p58	across zero	
REASONING				
			Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division	
			perform mental calculations, including with mixed	
			operations and large numbers	
			use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry	
			out calculations involving the four operations	
			solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in	
			contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use	
			and why	
			solve problems involving addition, subtraction	
			use estimation to check answers to calculations and	
			determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate	
			degree of accuracy	
			Fractions (including decimals and necessary)	
			Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			 solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy 	Percentages 6, pp 12–13, 'Reducing fractions –
			specified degrees of accuracy	cancelling'
			Algebra	cancelling
			use simple formulae	
			generate and describe linear number sequences	
			express missing number problems algebraically	
			find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two	
			unknowns	
			enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables	
			Measurement	
			solve problems involving the calculation and conversion	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			of units of measure, using decimal notation to three	Percentages 6, pp 32–3, 'Finding simple
			decimal places where appropriate	percentages of whole numbers and measures'
			use, read, write and convert between standard units,	
			converting measurements of length, mass and time from	
			a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa,	
			using decimal notation to three decimal places	
			Statistics	
			interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 74–7, 19
			use these to solve problems.	'Interpreting data'
				,g
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 26–9,
TESTS				Spring Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Canadian Capacity
TASK		Tasks	Pupils can solve addition and subtraction problems in	USE WITH: Groups of 3
6.6		Years 5 and 6	different contexts, appropriately choosing and using number	
		pp46-47	facts, understanding of place value and mental and written	
			methods. They can explain their decision making and justify	
			their solution and level of accuracy.	



Medium-term plan: spring term 1st half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
6.7 NUMBER SENSE	17–18	Planning Framework p59	Fractions (including decimals and percentages) use common factors to simplify fractions: use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3½] recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 8–9, 1 'Using common factors and multiples to work with fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 10–11, 2 'Comparing and ordering fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 12–13, 3 'Fractions, decimals and division' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 16–17, 5 'Fraction, decimal and percentage equivalents' Picture Maths 6, pp 10–11, 4 'Milly's milkshakes'
			Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns	Picture Maths 6, pp 14–15, 6 'The safe'
			Measurement	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 38–9, 16 'Calculating with decimals'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 30–5, Spring Tests 3, 4 and 5
ASSESSMENT TASK 6.7		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp48–49	Success criteria Pupils can represent and explain the relationship between decimals, fractions and percentages and equivalences within fractions. They use this understanding to solve problems.	TASK: Fishy Fractions USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme	10.21	Planning	Pupils should be taught to:	
6.8 ULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	19-21	Planning Framework p60	work multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 34–5, 'Recalling and using equivalences between fractions, decimals and percentages' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 58–9, 8 'Greatest product'
			numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy Fractions (including decimals and percentages) multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places	
			 by whole numbers use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places Ratio and proportion 	
			 solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples Algebra	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 18–21, 4 'Proportion and ratio' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 42–3, 18 'Understanding ratio' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 48–9, 21 'Solving problems about ratio' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables Measurement	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 38–9, 'Recognising equivale ratios and reducing ratios'
			 solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places convert between miles and kilometres 	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 48–9, 3 'Juice for school'
			Statistics interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems calculate and interpret the mean as an average.	Picture Maths 6, pp 40–1, 19 'Dog show'
TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 36–9, Spring Tests 6 and 7



ASSESSMENT	Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Food Factors
TASK	Tasks	Pupils can explain the relationship between multiplication,	USE WITH: Groups of 3
6.8	Years 5 and 6 pp50–51	division, ratio and proportion. They use this understanding to derive facts and solve problems.	



Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
6.9 GEOMETRIC REASONING	22–23	Planning Framework p61	Geometry: properties of shapes draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 40–3, 10 'Angles' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 52–5, 13 '3-D solids' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 56–9, 14 'Nets of solids'
			Geometry: position and direction describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes	Picture Maths 6, pp 22–3, 10 'Treasure map' Picture Maths 6, pp 24–5, 11 'Toy designer' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 60–3, 15 'Coordinates and shapes'
			Algebra use simple formulae express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables	
			Measurement calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles recognise when it is possible to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimeters (cm³) and cubic metres (m³) and extending to other units, [for example, mm³ and km³] Ratio and proportion	Picture Maths 6, pp 36–7, 17 'Mission to Mars' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages,
			Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.	Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 46–7, 20 'Ratio, proportion and shape'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 40–3, Spring Tests 8 and 9
ASSESSMENT TASK 6.9		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp52–53	Success criteria Pupils can explain how to reflect and translate shapes on a grid with four quadrants and use this knowledge and understanding to solve problems. They can explain how to find the volume of cubes and cuboids and use this understanding to solve problems.	TASK: Shape Shifting USE WITH: Groups of 3

Medium-term plan: spring term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
•	WOOKO	. ago		Trotog/Tood aroug/Touring
Theme 6.10 NUMBER SENSE	24–25	Planning Framework p62	Pupils should be taught to: Number and place value • read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy • use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero • solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above Fractions (including decimals and percentages) • use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination • compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 • identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Measurement • use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation up to three decimal places • convert between miles and kilometres.	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 14–15, 4 'Problems about comparing and ordering fractions and decimals' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 36–7, 'Expressing fractions as percentages'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 44–5, Spring Test 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 6.10		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp54–55	Success criteria Pupils can use their understanding of the multiplicative nature of the number system to convert between different units of measures, knowing when it is appropriate to use their understanding of how to multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000. Pupils make appropriate decisions about when to use their understanding of counting, place value and rounding for solving problems including adding and subtracting.	TASK: London to Paris USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme			Pupils should be taught to:	
6.11 ADDITIVE REASONING	26–28	Planning Framework p63	Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 14–15, 'Common denominators'
			Fractions (including decimal and percentages)	
			Fractions (including decimal and percentages)	Eluanov With Fractiona Pasimala Paramt-
			add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy	Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 18–19, 6 'Adding and subtracting fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 20–1, 7 'Problems about adding and subtracting fractions'
			Algebra	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
			use simple formulae	Percentages 6, pp 16–17, 'Adding and subtracting
			generate and describe linear number sequences	fractions with different denominators and mixed
			express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns	numbers'
			enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables	
			Measurement solve problems involving the calculation and conversion	
			of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate	
			 use, read, write and convert between standard units, 	
			converting measurements of length, mass, volume and	
			time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and	
			vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places	
			Statistics • interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems	
			calculate and interpret the mean as an average.	
MENTAL MATHS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 46–9,
TESTS				Summer Tests 1 and 2
ASSESSMENT		Assessment	Success criteria	TASK: Faster, Higher, Stronger
TASK 6.11		Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp56–57	Pupils can solve calculation problems in different contexts, appropriately choosing and using operations, number facts, understanding of place value and mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making and justify their solutions and levels of accuracy.	USE WITH: Groups of 3



Medium-term plan: summer term 1st half (cont.)

Theme 6.12 29–30 Planning Framework p64 Fractions (including decimals and percentages) use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, %] recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, including in different contexts identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns	Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
NUMBER SENSE Framework p64 ■ use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination ■ compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 ■ associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts ■ identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places Algebra ■ use simple formulae ■ generate and describe linear number sequences ■ express missing number problems algebraically ■ find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two	Theme				
NUMBER SENSE multiples to express fractions in the same denomination compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts identify the value of each digit in numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically fractions in the same denomination compare and ections, including fractions > 1 Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 6–9, 1 'Place value and numbers' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 66–7, 12 'Perfect, abundant and deficient numbers' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 68–9, 13 'Number knowledge' 'Number knowledge' Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically fractions > 1 Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 6–9, 1 'Place value and numbers' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 68–9, 13 'Number knowledge' 'Number knowledge'	6.12	29–30	Planning	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	
• compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 • associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/4] • recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts • identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra • use simple formulae • generate and describe linear number sequences • express missing number problems algebraically • find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two			Framework	 use common factors to simplify fractions; use common 	Picture Maths 6, pp 8–9, 3 'Pete's percentage
 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, ⅓₀] recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two 	_		p64	multiples to express fractions in the same denomination	
fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/6] • recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts • identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra • use simple formulae • generate and describe linear number sequences • express missing number problems algebraically • find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two	SENSE			,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
fraction [for example, 3/6] recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two					
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decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two				, , ,	Number knowledge
Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two					
Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two					
 use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two 				100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places	
 use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two 				Algebra	
 express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two 				_	
• find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two				generate and describe linear number sequences	
				express missing number problems algebraically	
unknowns				find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two	
				unknowns	
Measurement				Measurement	
● solve problems involving the calculation and conversion Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and				 solve problems involving the calculation and conversion 	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and
of units of measure, using decimal notation to three Percentages 6, pp 40–1, 'Using ratios to show the				_	
decimal places where appropriate relative sizes of two quantities'					relative sizes of two quantities'
 ■ use, read, write and convert between standard units, 					
converting measurements of length, mass and time from				5 .	
a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa,				g ·	
using decimal notation to three decimal places				using decimal notation to three decimal places	
Statistics				Statistics	
● interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 76–7, 17				interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 76–7, 17
use these to solve problems. 'Pies or lines?'					
MENTAL MATHS Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 50–5,					• •
TESTS Summer Tests 3, 4 and 5 ASSESSMENT Assessment Success criteria TASK: Water Bottles			Assassment	Success suitavia	
ASSESSMENT Assessment Task Years Pupils can represent and explain the relationship between USE WITH: Groups of 3					
6.12 Fullis can represent and explain the relationship between USE WITH. Groups of 3	_			·	OSE WITH. GIOUPS OF 3
pp58–59 fractions fit into the number system. They use this	0.12			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
understanding to solve problems.			PP00 00	• • •	



Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
Theme		_	Pupils should be taught to:	
6.13 MULTIPLICATIVE REASONING	31–33	Planning Framework p65	 Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations, multiplication and 	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 54–5, 6 'Divisibility' Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 70–1, 14 'Trickier triangles'
			 division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy Fractions (including decimals and percentages) multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½] divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example. ½½ ÷ 2 = ½] multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places Ratio and proportion solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using multiplication and division facts solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples Algebra use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables Measurement solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems calculate and interpret the mean as an average. 	Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 18–19, 'Multiplying simple unit fractions by fractions' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 20–1, 'Dividing proper fractions by whole numbers' Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 10–13, 2 'Fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 22–3, 8 'Multiplying proper fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 24–5, 9 'Solving problems about multiplying fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 26–7, 10 'Dividing proper fractions by whole numbers' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 28–9, 11 'Problems about dividing fractions' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 44–5, 19 'Solving problems about the relative sizes of two quantities' Fluency With Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion 6, pp 50–1, 22 'Describing comparisons using ratio and proportion' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 42–3, 'Mixed bag – fractions, ratio and proportion' Skills Builders: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages 6, pp 42–3, 'Mixed bag – fractions, ratio and proportion'
MENTAL MATHS TESTS			calculate and interpret the mean as an average.	Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 56–9, Summer Tests 6 and 7



Г	ASSESSMENT	100000	aman4	Cusasas svitavia	TASK: Wiggo
	ASSESSIVIENT	Assess	Sment	Success criteria	TASK. Wiggo
	TASK	Tasks			USE WITH: Groups of 3
	6.13	5 and	nd 6	Pupils can solve calculation problems in different contexts, including	·
	0.13			those involving ratio and proportion, appropriately choosing and	
		pp60-	F-67		
				using operations, number facts, understanding of place value and	
				mental and written methods. They can explain their decision making	
				and justify their solutions and level of accuracy.	



Medium-term plan: summer term 2nd half (cont.)

Sequence and	Weeks	Page	Learning objectives	Notes/Resources/Teaching Activities
6.14 GEOMETRIC REASONING	34–36	Planning Framework p66	Pupils should be taught to: Geometry: properties of shapes draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 52–3, 5 'Cube nets'
			angles Geometry: position, direction, motion describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes Algebra	Orabless Orbitan and December 6 on 50 7 7
			 use simple formulae express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables 	Problem Solving and Reasoning 6, pp 56–7, 7 'Formulae'
			Measurement recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 68–71, 17 'Area and perimeter'
			 calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimeters (cm³) and cubic metres (m³) and extending to other units, [for example, mm³ and km³] 	Learn, Practise and Revise 6, pp 72–3, 18 'Volume'
			Ratio and proportion solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.	
MENTAL MATHS TESTS				Mental Maths Tests 6, pp 60–65, Summer Tests 8, 9 and 10
ASSESSMENT TASK 6.14		Assessment Tasks Years 5 and 6 pp62–63	Success criteria Pupils can use their understanding of properties of shapes, area and volume to solve problems and make generalisations.	TASK: Moving House USE WITH: Groups of 3